

- **General Ophthalmic Examination:** Full examination of the eye and periocular tissues, diagnostic modalities include non-contact tonometry, direct and indirect ophthalmoscopy, fluorescein angiography, slit lamp examination, and fundus photography.
- **Cataract Surgery:**
 - The removal of a cloudy lens (cataract) and its replacement with a clear artificial lens (intraocular lens or IOL common surgery performed for cataract treatment.
 - Premium IOLs: Advanced lens options such as multifocal or toric lenses that can correct presbyopia or astigmatism a broader range of vision without glasses.
- **Glaucoma: Medical and surgical treatment of all forms of glaucoma,** using medical treatment (topical medication), and glaucoma surgery (trabeculectomy)
- **Cornea Disease:** Medical and surgical treatment of cornea disorders.
- **Pediatric Ophthalmology:** Medical and surgical treatment of the disease of the eye in children including strabismus (abnormal eye alignment), tear duct obstruction, refractive disorders, and retinopathy of prematurity.
- **Retina: Medical and Laser treatment of vitreo-retinal disorder,** diabetic retinopathy, macular diseases, and retinal detachment.
- **Eye Refraction:** Eyeglasses and contact lens fitting and prescription for near-sighted and far-sighted vision.
- **Neuro-ophthalmology:** Medical evaluation and treatment of neurological eye disorders.
- **Ophthalmic Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery**